Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Financial Statements With Auditors' Report As of and for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank

Table of Contents

	Page No.
Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 3
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	4
Statements of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	5 6
Statements of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	7 8
Statements of Cash Flows	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10 – 17
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	18 - 19
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head	20
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	21 – 22
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	23 – 25
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	26
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	26
Schedule for Louisiana Legislative Auditor:	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings	27 27

COOK & MOREHART

Certified Public Accountants

1215 HAWN AVENUE • SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA 71107 • P.O. BOX 78240 • SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA 71137-8240

TRAVIS H. MOREHART, CPA VICKIE D. CASE, CPA TELEPHONE (318) 222-5415

FAX (318) 222-5441

STUART L. REEKS, CPA
J. PRESTON DELAUNE, CPA

MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Shreveport, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank, (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank, (a nonprofit organization) as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- · Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, shown on pages 18-19, and the supplemental information schedule presented on page 20, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2022, on our consideration of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

Cook + Marshaut

December 14, 2022

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2022 and 2021

Assets

		2024
Current assets:	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,095,228	\$ 16.021.837
Investments	9,367,118	\$ 16,021,837 137,684
Accounts receivable - grants	9,367,118 154,951	48,553
Accounts receivable - other	6,164	48,553 8,997
Prepaid expenses	0,104	8,308
Inventory - USDA	773,398	852,634
Inventory - Other	1,084,704	938,957
Total current assets	18,481,563	18,016,970
Total bulletit assets	10,461,303	10,010,970
Noncurrent assets:		
Depreciable property and equipment, net	6,725,827	7,083,382
Non-depreciable property and equipment	873,733	944,750
Total noncurrent assets	7,599,560	8,028,132
	1,000,000	0,020,102
Total Assets	\$ 26,081,123	\$ 26,045,102
•		
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 19,233	\$ 319,233
Accrued liabilities	58,050	45,774
Refundable advance	33,819	
Total current liabilities	111,102	365,007
•		
Net assets:		
With donor restrictions	1,195,618	926,793
Without donor restrictions	24,774,403	24,753,302
·		
Total net assets	25,970,021	25,680,095
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 26,081,123	\$ 26,045,102

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenues and Other Support:			
Annual campaign Contributions of cash and other financial	\$ 548,481	\$	\$ 548,481
assets - church, corporate, individuals Contributions of nonfinancial assets - donated	2,226,182		2,226,182
food supplies Grants and contracts	15,049,376		15,049,376
Government	348,463	7,220	355,683
Foundation	167,500		167,500
Other	203,089	415,000	618,089
United Way	17,015		17,015
Shared maintenance	635,783		635,783
Adopt a senior program	28,431		28,431
Miscellaneous	79,903		79,903
Interest income	77,133		77,133
Net assets released from restrictions:			
Satisfaction of restrictions	153,395	(153,395)	
Total revenues and other support	19,534,751	268,825	19,803,576
Expenses:			
Program services			
Food Bank	16,454,673		16,454,673
Supporting services			
Management and general	1,057,607		1,057,607
Fund Raising	159,774		159,774
Total expenses	17,672,054		17,672,054
Changes in net assets from operations	1,862,697	268,825	2,131,522
Nonoperating activities			
Investment return, net	(2,012,346)		(2,012,346)
Gain on sale of assets	170,750		170,750
Total nonoperating activities	(1,841,596)		(1,841,596)
Change in net assets	21,101	268,825	289,926
Net assets, beginning of year	24,753,302	926,793	25,680,095
Net assets, end of year	\$ 24,774,403	\$ 1,195,618	\$ 25,970,021

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Without Donor	With Donor	
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total
Revenues, Gains and Other Support:			
Annual campaign	\$ 523,559	\$	\$ 523,559
Contributions of cash and other financial	•		, , , , , , , ,
assets - church, corporate, individuals	11,582,947		11,582,947
Contributions of nonfinancial assets - donated			
food supplies	18,966,342	234,752	19,201,094
Grants and contracts			
Government	209,381	64,577	273,958
Foundation	90,918	9,582	100,500
Other	285,275	·	285,275
United Way	17,438		17,438
Shared maintenance	1,031,464		1,031,464
Adopt a senior program	26,060		26,060
Miscellaneous	141,972		141,972
Rent income	4,500		4,500
Interest income	24,386		24,386
Gain on forgiveness of loan	167,500		167,500
Net assets released from restrictions:			•
Satisfaction of restrictions	1,790,412	(1,790,412)	
Total revenues, gains and other support	34,862,154	(1,481,501)	33,380,653
Expenses:			
Program services			
Food Bank	20,610,557		20,610,557
Supporting services			, ,
Management and general	789,371		789,371
Fund Raising	180,621		180,621
Total expenses	21,580,549		21,580,549
Changes in net assets from operations	13,281,605	(1,481,501)	11,800,104
Nonoperating activities			
Investment return, net	26,551		26,551
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(118,841)		(118,841)
	(1.10,011)	***************************************	(110,041)
Net nonoperating activities	(92,290)		(92,290)
Change in net assets	13,189,315	(1,481,501)	11,707,814
Net assets, beginning of year	11,563,987	2,408,294	13,972,281
Net assets, end of year	\$ 24,753,302	\$ 926,793	\$ 25,680,095

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program Services Food Bank		nagement General		oort Service Fund Raising	s	Total		Total
Expenses										
Accounting	\$	11,332	\$	42,268	\$		\$	42,268	\$	53,600
Auto	,	116,283	•	1,777	•		Ψ	1,777	٣	118,060
Advertising		,		.,		50,436		50,436		50,436
Computer expense		15,158		12,670		526		13,196		28,354
Depreciation		159,568		208,317				208,317		367,885
Dues & subscriptions		•		10,895				10,895		10,895
Food costs	1	5,474,077		•				, , , , ,		15,474,077
Freight		105,270								105,270
Fringe				218,766				218,766		218,766
Insurance				92,912				92,912		92,912
Postage				3,957		265		4,222		4,222
Repairs & maintenance		34,644		45,703				45,703		80,347
Salaries		517,477		240,681		68,512		309,193		826,670
Supplies		8,589		22,560				22,560		31,149
Telephone		3,824		8,327		600		8,927		12,751
Travel		4,702		7,705		50		7,755		12,457
Utilities				101,984				101,984		101,984
Waste disposal		609		5,744				5,744		6,353
Miscellaneous		3,140		33,341		39,385		72,726		75,866
Total Expenses	\$ 1	6,454,673	\$ 1	,057,607	\$	159,774	\$ ^	1,217,381	\$	17,672,054

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Program Services		Support Service	es	
	Food	Management	Fund		
	Bank	& General	Raising	Total	Total
Expenses					
Accounting	\$	\$ 23,596	\$	\$ 23,596	\$ 23,596
Auto	79,757	27		27	79,784
Advertising	·		53,076	53,076	53,076
Computer expense	12,169	12,251	134	12,385	24,554
Depreciation	165,260	51,860		51,860	217,120
Dues & subscriptions		6,554		6,554	6,554
Food costs	19,523,416			•	19,523,416
Freight	58,105	1,565		1,565	59,670
Fringe	43,484	177,657	8,178	185,835	229,319
Insurance		88,522		88,522	88,522
Postage	254	2,963	1,246	4,209	4,463
Repairs & maintenance	102,260	74,632		74,632	176,892
Salaries	489,850	239,159	91,698	330,857	820,707
Supplies	121,793	16,796		16,796	138,589
Telephone	4,323	9,820	720	10,540	14,863
Travel	247	3,256		3,256	3,503
Utilities	2,935	56,528		56,528	59,463
Waste disposal	758	5,247		5,247	6,005
Miscellaneous	5,946	18,938	25,569	44,507	50,453
Total Expenses	\$ 20,610,557	\$ 789,371	\$ 180,621	\$ 969,992	\$ 21,580,549

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Operating Activities

	2022	2021
Change in net assets	\$ 289,926	\$ 11,707,814
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to		
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	367,885	217,120
Gain on forgiveness of loan		(167,500)
Realized & unrealized (gain) loss on investment	2,012,345	(26,551)
Donation of stock	(25,179)	(6,438)
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of assets	(170,750)	118,841
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable	(103,565)	139,856
Inventory - USDA	79,236	(234,752)
Inventory - other	(145,747)	246,685
Prepaid expenses	8,308	(1,666)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:	•	` , ,
Accounts payable	(43,503)	(216,459)
Accrued liabilities	12,276	13,304
Refundable advance	33,819	,
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,315,051	11,790,254
Investing Activities		
Purchase of investments	(11,216,600)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	(,=,	165,926
Proceeds from sale of assets	359,259	384,279
Payments for property and equipment	(384,319)	(2,959,427)
Net cash (used) in investing activities	(11,241,660)	(2,409,222)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(8,926,609)	9,381,032
Cash and cash equivalents as of beginning of year	16,021,837	6,640,805
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of year	\$ 7,095,228	\$ 16,021,837
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ψ 7,095,220	Ψ 10,021,037
Supplemental Cash flow Disclosures: Noncash Investing Transactions:		
Donated stock	\$ 25,179	\$ 6,438
Acquisition of property		
Cost of property and equipment	\$ 127,822	\$ 3,215,924
Trade account payable	256,497	(256,497)
		(200,407)
Cash down payment for property and equipment	\$ 384,319	\$ 2,959,427

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Nature of Activities

The Northwest Louisiana Food Bank (the Food Bank) was organized in Shreveport during 1996 for the purpose of distributing food and commodities to various group feeding centers and food pantries in the parishes of Caddo, Bossier, Red River, Webster, Desoto, Claiborne, and Bienville in North Louisiana.

The Organization receives United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) donated food commodities for use in feeding needy households under the Food Bank Program. The Organization assumes full responsibility for all matters pertinent to the receipt, handling, storage, protection, accountability, and use of donated food commodities. The Organization also receives funding for administrative costs to support product maintenance.

The Northwest Louisiana Food Bank is the regional certified affiliate of America's Second Harvest, a national food bank organization located in Chicago, Illinois that links over 200 affiliated food banks with donations from over 250 major donors.

The Organization relies heavily on community volunteers or individuals doing community services as a condition of probation. The Organization relies on food donations from Second Harvest and related affiliates as well as donations from the United States Department of Agriculture, churches, benevolent trusts, corporations, and United Way to fund the daily operations.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Food Bank have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

C. Basis of Presentation

Financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board in its Statement of Financial Accounting Standards. Under those standards, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets:

Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objective of the organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of Food Bank's management and the board of directors.

Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of Food Bank or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Donor restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions in the statement of activities. The Food Bank has adopted a policy to classify donor restricted contributions as without donor restrictions to the extent that donor restrictions were met in the year the contribution was received.

(Continued)

D. Income Tax Status

The Food Bank is a tax-exempt organization as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and therefore, is not subject to income taxes. However, income from certain activities not directly related to the Food Bank's tax-exempt purpose is subject to taxation as unrelated business income. The Food Bank had no such income for this audit period. The Organization's Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 are subject to examination by the IRS, generally three years after they were filed.

E. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Food Bank considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

G. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost or, if donated, at the approximate fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation is computed using the straight–line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The Federal government has a reversionary interest in property purchased with federal funds. Its disposition as well as the ownership of any proceeds there from is subject to federal regulations. The Food Bank has adopted a policy to capitalize expenditures for property and equipment with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more.

H. Contributions

Contributions received are recorded as increase in net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions depending on the existence and/or nature or any donor restrictions. When restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. In the absence of donor restrictions to the contrary, restrictions on contributions of property or equipment or on assets restricted to acquiring property or equipment expire when the property or equipment is placed in service.

I. Contributed Nonfinancial Assets

Contributed nonfinancial assets are comprised of donated food inventory received from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and from other organizations. Donated food from USDA is valued at fair market value and is reflected as with donor restrictions until restrictions are met. Donated inventory received from other organizations is valued at the average price per pound as determined by the National Office of Feeding America. The Food Bank distributes donated food to local pantries as part of their ongoing operations.

J. Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and the statement of functional expense. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Costs are directly charged to the function they benefit. Indirect or shared costs, including personnel, facility costs, and other are allocated among the programs and support services by a method that best measures the relative degree of benefit, based upon management's estimates.

K. Investments

Investments in equity securities are presented in the financial statements at fair value using level 1 fair value measures (quoted prices in active markets). For contributed investments, fair value of the gift is determined by the market value at the date of donation. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in investment return, along with interest and dividends, in the statement of activities. Investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with the investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of the investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Recent market conditions have resulted in an unusually high degree of volatility and increased the risks and may affect the short-term liquidity associated with certain investments held by the Food Bank which could impact the value of investments after the date of these financial statements. Because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

L. Fair Value Measurements

Generally accepted accounting principles establish a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities ("Level 1") and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs ("Level 3"). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: significant other observable inputs than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

M. Inventory

Purchased inventory is carried at cost, while inventory acquired from the United States Department of Agriculture is valued at fair market value. Donated inventory is based on the average price per pound as determined by the National Office of Feeding America. This price was \$1.53 for 2022 and \$1.70 for 2021.

(2) Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Food Bank to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, investments, and accounts receivable. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable are limited due to the receivables being small in nature and from several different entities and amounts due from governmental agencies under contractual terms. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures accounts up to \$250,000 at financial institutions and investment brokers. Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insures funds on deposit with investment brokers up to \$500,000. SIPC covers losses from fraud and negligence of the registered securities dealer, but not against market losses or investments returns. The Food Bank had uninsured cash of \$5,521,986 and \$7,075,994 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(3) Investments

Investments in equity securities are presented in the financial statements at fair value using level 1 fair value measures (quoted prices in active markets). The fair value of certificates of deposit is determined by using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities to a schedule of expected maturities on the certificates. This results in a level 2 fair value measurement. Investments as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 consisted of the following:

	202	22	202	21
	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost
Fixed income	\$ 389,754	\$ 409,953	\$	\$
Mutual funds	8,523,372	10,628,247		
Alternative investments	311,364	300,000		
Equities	<u>142,628</u>	108,937	<u>137,684</u>	<u>79,758</u>
Totals	\$9,367,118	\$11,447,137	\$ 137,684	\$ 79,758

For the year ended June 30, 2022, net investment return was \$(2,012,346), which consisted of realized and unrealized losses of \$(2,017,008) and interest and dividends of \$4,662. For the year ended June 30, 2021, net investment return was \$26,551, which consisted of realized and unrealized gains of \$24,829 and interest and dividends of \$1,722.

(4) Accounts Receivable - Grants

Various funding sources provide reimbursement of allowable costs under contracts or agreements. These balances represent amounts due from funding sources at June 30, 2022 and 2021, but received after those dates.

(5) Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Accrued leave payable	\$ 21,682	\$ 18,795
Accrued payroll	36,368	25,306
Payroll taxes and other		
related benefits payable		<u>1,673</u>
	<u>\$ 58,050</u>	\$ 45,774

(6) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Estimated Depreciable Life	2022	2021
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles Land	7-39 years 5-10 years 5-10 years	\$ 6,170,602 663,914 955,315 873,733	\$ 6,473,270 877,100 955,315 944,750
Accumulated depreciation Net investment in property and equipment		<u>(1,064,004)</u> \$ 7,599,560	(1,222,303) \$ 8,028,132

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$367,885 and \$217,120, respectively.

(7) Retirement Plan

The Food Bank provides for a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees of Small Employers (SIMPLE) under Section 408(p) of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan covers full-time employees of the Food Bank. The Food Bank contributes a matching contribution equal to the employee's contributions up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation for the calendar year. Employees may make contributions to the plan up to the maximum amount allowed by the Internal Revenue Code if they wish. The amount contributed by the Food Bank to retirement plans on the employees behalf for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was \$18,580 and \$16,735, respectively.

(8) Concentrations and Dependence

The Food Bank entered into an agreement with the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry, Food Distribution Division, for the operation of a Food Distribution Program. The agreement is permanent, unless terminated by the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry for failing to comply with the provisions, instructions, or procedures outlined in the agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, commodities from the United States Department of Agriculture are passed through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture to the Food Bank for distribution. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, approximately 28% and 29%, respectively, of the total food donations received by the Food Bank were commodities from the Louisiana Department of Agriculture. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, approximately 85% and 87%, respectively, of the total shared maintenance received by the Food Bank was from the Louisiana Department of Agriculture.

During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Food Bank received contractual revenue from federal, state, local, and other grants in the amount of \$1,141,272 and \$659,733, respectively. The continued existence of these funds is based on annual contract renewals with various funding sources.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, contributions from one contributor totaling \$9,000,000 comprised approximately 27% of the total revenues and other support to the Food Bank.

(9) Net Assets

Net assets at June 30, 2022 and 2021, consisted of the following:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions: Undesignated Net investment in property and equipment Total undesignated net assets	2022 \$17,174,843 <u>7,599,560</u> 24,774,403	2021 \$ 16,725,170
Total net assets without donor restrictions	24,774,403	24,753,302
Net Assets With Donor Restrictions: Subject to expenditure for specified purpose –		
Restricted for USDA commodities in inventory Restricted for fundraising and food sourcing staff	773,398	852,634
capacity building	415,000	
Restricted for equipment and equipment repairs	,	9,582
Restricted for food purchase	7,220	64,577
Total net assets with donor restrictions	<u>1,195,618</u>	926,793
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 25,970,021</u>	<u>\$ 25,680,095</u>

(10) Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

The Food Bank monitors its liquidity so that it is able to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments while maximizing the investment of its excess operating cash. The Food Bank has the following financial assets that could readily be made available within one year of the balance sheet to fund expenses without limitations:

Financial assets at year-end: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Grant receivables Other receivables	2022 2021 \$ 7,095,228 \$ 16,021,837 9,367,118 137,684 154,951 48,553 6,164 8,997
Total financial assets	16,623,461 16,217,071
Less amounts not available to be used within one year: Net assets with donor restrictions (excluding USDA inventory)	_(422,220) _(74,159)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year (Continued)	<u>\$ 16,201,241</u>

In addition to financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the year, the Food Bank operates with a balanced budget and anticipates covering general expenditures using the income generated from contractual agreements with governmental agencies and contributions. The Statement of Cash Flows identifies the sources and uses of the Food Bank's cash and shows positive cash generated by operations of \$2,315,051 and \$11,790,254 for fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

(11) Operating Leases

The Food Bank leases vehicles under operating leases. Rental costs for these leases for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$4,786 and \$6,426, respectively. Commitments under lease agreements having initial or remaining non-cancellable terms in excess of one year are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,	
2023	\$ 9,645
2024	9,645
2025	 6,032
Total	\$ 25,322

(12) Loan Payable

In April 2020, the Food Bank received loan proceeds in the amount of approximately \$167,500 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP"). The PPP was established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"). The loan and accrued interest are forgivable after twenty-four weeks as long as the borrower uses the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll, benefits, rent and utilities, and maintains its payroll levels. The amount of loan forgiveness will be reduced if the borrower terminates employees or reduces salaries during the twenty-four week period. The unforgiven portion of the PPP loan is payable over two years at an interest rate of 1%, with a deferral of payments for the first six months.

In December 2020, the Food Bank received loan forgiveness in the amount of \$167,500, for the "PP" loan. The forgiveness is recognized as gain on forgiveness of loan, on the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2021.

(13) Accounts Payable

Accounts payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022		2021	
Accounts payable	\$	19,233	\$	62,736
Construction payable				256,497
Total Accounts payable	\$	19,233	\$	319,233

(14) Subsequent Events

In August, 2022, the Food Bank awarded a contract for the construction of a new food pantry building in the amount of \$1,875,460.

On August 16, 2022, the Food Bank purchased a refrigerated truck in the amount of \$80,400. Funding for this purchase is expected to come from a grant from the Community Foundation.

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 14, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(15) New Accounting Principle

In September 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-07, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets.* The amendments in this ASU will improve financial reporting by providing new presentation and disclosure requirements about contributed nonfinancial assets for not-for-profit entities, including additional disclosure requirements for recognized contributed services. The amendments will not change the recognition and measurement requirements. ASU 2020-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The Food Bank implemented the provisions of this ASU as of July 1, 2020.

Northwest Louisana Food Bank Shreveport, Louisiana Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unknown Unknown 4,225,581 Unknown 4,225,581
10.559 Unknown
Passed through the Louisiana Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster Summer Food Service Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster
Decend through the Louisians Denostment of Children and Camilly Sondons

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Shreveport, Louisiana Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Community Support Programs, Inc., it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank.

NOTE 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank does not utilize an indirect cost rate.

NOTE 4: Nonmonetary Assistance

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and distributed. At June 30, 2022, the Food Bank had USDA Food Commodities in inventory totaling \$773,398.

Northwest Louisana Food Bank Shreveport, Louisiana Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Agency Head: Martha Marak, Executive Director

The following payments were made from public funds:

Purpose		Amount
Salary	\$	11,071

COOK & MOREHART

Certified Public Accountants

1215 HAWN AVENUE • SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA 71107 • P.O. BOX 78240 • SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA 71137-8240

TRAVIS H. MOREHART, CPA VICKIE D. CASE, CPA TELEPHONE (318) 222-5415

FAX (318) 222-5441

STUART L. REEKS, CPA
J. PRESTON DELAUNE, CPA

MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance

And Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Northwest Louisiana Food Bank

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank, (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

Code + Markant

December 14, 2022

COOK & MOREHART

Certified Public Accountants

1215 HAWN AVENUE • SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA 71107 • P.O. BOX 78240 • SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA 71137-8240

TRAVIS H. MOREHART, CPA VICKIE D. CASE, CPA TELEPHONE (318) 222-5415

FAX (318) 222-5441

STUART L. REEKS, CPA
J. PRESTON DELAUNE, CPA

MEMBER
AMERICAN INSTITUTE
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Northwest Louisiana Food Bank

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Northwest Louisiana Food Bank complied in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audits of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibility under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statues, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Northwest Louisiana Food Bank's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

Cook + Marcha

December 14, 2022

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Shreveport, Louisiana Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2022

There were no findings or questioned costs for the audit for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2022

A. Summary of Audit Results

	<u>Financial Statements</u>				
	Type of audit report issued : Unmodified				
	Internal control over financial reporting : Material weaknessess identified : Significant deficiencies identified :		yes yes	<u>۷</u>	no none reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted :		yes	<u>√</u>	no
	Federal Awards				
	Internal control over major programs : Material weaknessess identified : Significant deficiencies identified :		yes yes	√ √	no none reported
	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs : Unmodified				
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)		yes	<u> </u>	no
	Identification of major federal programs :				
	Food Distribution Cluster Emergency Food Assistance Program - Federal Assistance Listing #10.569 and #	[£] 10.568			
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs : \$750,000				
	Auditee qualified as low risk :		yes		no
В.	Findings – Financial Statements Audit: None				

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit: None

Northwest Louisiana Food Bank Shreveport, Louisiana Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Schedule for Louisiana Legislative Auditor June 30, 2022

There were no findings or questioned costs for the prior year audit ended June 30, 2021.

Summary Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings Schedule for Louisiana Legislative Auditor June 30, 2022

There are no findings or questioned costs for the current year audit period ended June 30, 2022.